CSC207.01 2014S, Class 23: OOD in Practice: Designing a List Interface

Overview

- Preliminaries.
 - Admin.
 - Questions.
- Topics.
 - $\circ~$ The design of ADTs, revisited.
 - \circ Quick notes on implementation.
 - A short motivating example.
 - Exercise: Designing a list ADT.

Preliminaries

Upcoming Work

- Readings for Friday to be posted Thursday night.
- Homework 5 is due *next* Wednesday (March 5), but you may need two weeks to get it done.
- The exam makeup is due Sunday at 10:30 p.m. There will be no extensions.

Admin

- Earnest will be running class this Friday and next TWF.
- Review session tomorrow at 10 am.
- Extra credit:
 - CS Extras, Thursday at 4:30 p.m.: The new CS Curriculum.
 - Next week's convocation on Wednesday.
 - "No Chance Harris" Study Break on Friday.
- Other cool things on campus
 - Feminist film scholar tomorrow

Questions on the Makeup Exam

Questions on the Homework

The design of ADTs, revisited

ADTs

- Big picture: What does it do/what do we want it to do? "Philosophy"
- What *methods* achieve that goal?
- How do we *use* the ADT?
 - What can it represent?
- General design questions:
 - Mutable or immutable?
 - Are there common methods this should include/exclude?
 - Minimalist or maximalist?

Data Structures

- What's the "big picture" of the underlying implementation
 - Shove it in an array
 - In the natural order
 - With some additional ordering dataa
 - Use small things connected with pointers/references
- Fields
- Implement all of the methods.
- Analyze the implementation: How efficient is it

Methods

- What do they do?
- What type should they return?
- What parameters should they take?
- What exceptions should they throw?
- Design questions
 - Can I generalize this? *

Thinking about lists:

- Big picture philosophy: A dynamic/mutable ordered set of data
 - Some number of elements
 - Put in order by the client
 - Ordered: Come in sequence; connected; linear
 - "iterable" we can step through the elements
- Uses:
 - Store collections of similar things
 - Mutable strings
 - Represent strange mathematical objects, such as classes
- Methods:

- find
- iterate (may be multiple methods)
- remove
- add

Example: insert

```
values.insert("the answer");
Parameters: object to insert, and the place
What's a place?
An integer index - but that can lead to inefficient implementation
```

Exercise: Designing a list ADT

- What parameters would you give to each variation of the remove method?
- What parameters would you give to each variation of the insert method?
- What would iterate look like?
- What do we mean by "a position"?
- Can you design some of these in such a way that they permit O(1) (that is, constant time) implementations in, say, linked lists.

How do we represent positions?

- "Each list has a *current* element."
 - Read "Lists with current considered harmful."
 - Only one position limits you.
- So make a "Position" object
 - We can have either List 1; Position p = 1.getPosition(); 1.advance(p); p.advance(); // 1
 - l.insertAt(p, value);
 - vs. p.insert(value)
 - l.deleteAt(p);
 - vs. p.delete()
 - \circ l.get(p)
 - vs. p.get()

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