Class 13: Transforming Images

Held: Monday, February 15, 2010

Summary: Today we consider some basic control stuctures that will allow us to write more general image filters.

Related Pages:

* EBoard.
* Lab: Transforming Images.
* Reading: Transforming Images.

Notes:

* Reading for tomorrow: Documenting Your Procedures.
* Surprise! No quiz today.
* EC for one of the Rosenfield Symposium talks this week.
* EC for Friday's CS table on common security flaws in Web sites.
* Are there questions on Exam 1?
* What did you learn from Prof. Kluber's visit?

Overview:

* Transforming images by transforming each pixel.
* Sequencing transformations with compose.
* Anonymous transformations.

Transforming images by transforming each pixel

* We saw in the color transformation lab that we can apply a transformation to each pixel, getting it and then setting it to a new value.
* This generalizes that strategy.
* `(image-variant image color-transform)` - build a new image by applying `color-transform` to every pixel.
* `(image-transform! image color-transform` - change the pixels "in place">
* Interesting new concept: We can write procedures that take other procedures as parameters.

Sequencing transformations with compose

* When you need to do more than one transformation, you can sequence them with `compose` (also `o`).
* `(image-variant image (o rgb-redder rgb-bluer))`

Anonymous transformations

- You don't even need to name those transformations.
- `(image-variant image (lambda (rgb) ...))`